



# GYAN KENDRA NOKHA

01

The Best Christmas present  
in the world  
prose

CLASS -  
SUB. -

1

Spotted - देखा

Slipped - स्टॉप होया

JUNK - कचाइ

BURNED OUT - जलकर नहीं हो पाया

clumsily - बेहुले तरीके से

Shell - लड्डू के छिपाका

Mended - मरम्मत किया

Boarded up - झुपड़-धारा

scorch marks - जलावृत्त के निशान

whereabouts - वह कहाँ  
रहता है;

veneer - लकड़ी की पतली सरदार

Muddle-headed - चालीसा

shaky - घट्टीतक

Entitled - अधिकारीका

scruples - दोषिक सावधान

Matron - विधि विधाका

Trenches - खाली, खाली

corridor - जालियाँ

crisp - दाढ़ी भजी भजी

conservatory - रक्षाकाल

fritz - जर्मन सिपाही के लिए साथवत

wavy bun - फूल जूँड़ी

किया जाने वाला नाम

पतले वाली का फूल;

Tommy - अंग्रेज दूसरी के लिए संयुक्त  
नाम.

Lit up - रक्षणी वे उत्साह

schnapps - जर्मन शराब

दूर चक्की जिया

sausage - कबाज

suffused with - उत्साह

occurred - आयी

चौड़ी पड़ी छैल जाया

approached - जाना बढ़ा

Restore - पुनः कराना

outstretched - बहुत की ओर  
झलाल कर

Expensive - महंगी

cello - वायलिन की तरह का वाद्ययंक

Taken their toll on -  
हानि पक्कांडी थी;

Huddles - गोड़, शॉलूल

stuck fast - कड़ाकर

unwillingly - अनिष्टापूर्वक

RUM ration - शराब

zugzwang - बंद दौला

MINGLING - मिलना

rousing - उत्तेजना

marzipan - कृष्ण के ऊपर लाहा  
जाने वाला एक माकांड का उत्पत्ति

1. Why was the letter written - what was the wonderful thing that had happened?

Ans:- The letter described a wonderful event. The two armies - the British and the German - fighting against each other celebrated Christmas together.

2. Do you think Jim Macpherson came back from the war? How do you know this?

Ans:- No. Jim Macpherson never came back home from the war; perhaps therefore his wife Connie had preserved his letters.

3. What is Connie's Christmas present? Why is it the best Christmas present in the world?

Ans:- Connie thought that Jim had come back home from the war. She mistook the author for Jim. She had been waiting for her husband Jim. So the coming home of Jim was the best Christmas present in the world for her.

4. Which sentence in the text shows that the visitor did not try to hide his identity?

Ans:- That sentence is, "you told me you'd come home by Christmas, dearest" she said, "And here you are, the best Christmas present in the world. Come closer, Jim dear, sit down."

1. The cricket says, "Oh! what will become of me?" When does he say it, and why?

Ans:- The cricket s. came to his home after the summer and spring had gone. There was nothing to eat for cricket. So the says, "Oh! what will become of me?"

### The Ant and the Cricket

#### Poetry

Accustomed to sing - ~~ज्ञान अत ज्ञान~~

warm - ~~ज्ञान अत ज्ञान~~

Crumb - ~~ज्ञान अत ज्ञान~~

Starvation - ~~ज्ञान~~

Famine - ~~ज्ञान~~

Trembling - ~~ज्ञान~~

Borrow - ~~ज्ञान~~

Lend - ~~ज्ञान~~

Lay nothing by - ~~ज्ञान~~

Quoth - ~~ज्ञान~~

Light - ~~ज्ञान~~

Grey - ~~ज्ञान~~

Hastily - ~~ज्ञान~~

Folks - ~~ज्ञान~~

fable - ~~ज्ञान~~

Cricket - ~~ज्ञान~~

2. Find in the poem the lines that mean the same as "Neither a borrower nor a lender be" (Shakespeare).

Ans:- But we ants never borrow; we ants never lend.

3. What is your opinion of the ant's principle?

Ans:- Ant's principles are completely right. Those who do not think ahead can never succeed in life. And if they are helped again and again they will never learn a lesson.

4. Why was the young cricket called silly?

Ans:- The young cricket was called silly because he did not think about the winter and sang throughout summer and spring.

Archipelago - अर्किपेलागो / अर्किपेलागो  
महाद्वीपों का समूह।

Earthquake - भूकंप।

Rushed out - संघर्षकर्ता के बाहर निकले।

Tremor - कंपन, विवाहकर्ता की हत्या।

Chaos - असुरक्षा - तफारी।

Swept away - बह जाई।

Somehow - किसी तरह।

Rescue - बचाव।

Daze - धूम्रतादि कड़।

Recede - दूर की ओर जाना।

Great force - बड़ी शक्ति।

Giant - विशालकाय।

Clinging - लिपटकड़।

Uprooted - अवरोदह।

Floating - बह रहे कड़।

Traumatised - जांदे, निपोषि।

Beach - तट।

Resort - अवश्यकता।

Triggered - उत्पन्न होना।

massive - महान्।

Swelling - उछलन करता हुआ।

Foam - झींझी।

Whirlpools - अंडेदृ।

Landslide - भूस्फुलन।

Scream - चिल्लावा।

Hysterical - उत्तेजित  
दृष्टि।

Entire - संपूर्ण।

Refuge - शरण।  
withstood - संहित दिया।

Surge - वेव।

Terrifying - खाली।

Slammed - बढ़ा दिया।

Eyewitness - प्रत्यक्षज्ञ।

Possess - रखते हैं।

Vibration - कंपन।

Realise - अनुभव  
करना।

Reported - दिया दिया।

perished - समाप्त।

carcasses - शव।

Excited - उत्तिकर।

outing - बाहर - स्वप्न।

swell - उछलन।

Refused - नहीं।

confusion - अज्ञान।

Q1. How are Meghma and Almas's stories similar?

Ans:- Meghma's and Almas's stories are similar because both of them are little girls. Both the girls lost their parents in tsunami. Both floated in the sea wave for a longer and finally rescued or saved.

Q2. How do you think her geography teacher felt when he heard about what Tilly had done in Phuket?

Ans:- Tilly geography teacher would have felt proud of her as she had made use of what she had learnt in class to save so many lives.

Q3. Where had Tilly seen the sea behaving in the same strange fashion?

Ans:- Tilly had seen the sea waves in a video in her classroom. It was shown by her geography teacher.

Q4. Do you think Tilly's mother was alarmed by them?

Ans:- Yes, she was alarmed by them. They left the sea coast very soon and went away.

# Geography Lesson

## Poetry

07

Sprang - उत्पन्न की ओर  
inevitability - अविचारनीय  
Haphazard - बेकासी का  
Unplanned - अनियन्त्रित  
Logic - तर्क  
Attracted - आकर्षित किया  
Delineated - विभाजित

- What looked inevitable? Which city?
- Ans:- It seemed inevitable to see the city  
neat from the sky, that actually  
is haphazard.
- What was clear from the sky?
- Ans:- It was clear from the sky why  
the city had developed the way  
it had.
- What was the logic of geography?
- Ans:- Land and water attract man. It  
is the logic of geography.
- How high the jet reached?
- Ans:- The jet reached at ten thousand feet.
- What was clearly delineated?
- Ans:- The logic of geography was clearly  
delineated.

# 03. Glimpses of the past

## prose

08

Recall - याद करना  
martyrs - शहीद  
Extending - विस्तार करने  
Short-sighted - कमजूदशी  
constant - अप्रतिम  
Rivalries - विद्वाही  
Subdue - दम्भन करना  
conquests - विजय पत्य  
dethroned - राजा से नियंत्रण  
slaves - शुल्क  
untouchability - धृति दृष्टि  
misery - कष्ट  
scorned - उपेहा की  
arrears - पूछ बकाया कराना  
Artisans - कार्यालय  
despise - दृष्टि करना  
superstitions - अधिविश्वास  
ruining - नुस्खा करना  
essence - अमृत  
suspicious - निषेद्धी  
oppress - दबाना  
prospered - ज़रूरी होना  
bleaching - विद्वाही करने  
incidentally - संचारा वश

intellectuals - विद्वाही लोग  
grievances - दुःख  
conquered - विजय हासिल की  
puppets - कठप्रतलो  
converting - परिवर्तन करना  
ruin - नुस्खा करना  
massacre - कल्पना आत्म  
discontent - असंतुष्ट  
drive out - नामूद करना  
chaptaries - दुर्दशा विद्वाही  
masses - लोग  
outbreak - विस्फैट  
sepoy - रिवाही  
upsurge - उत्पन्न  
pounce upon - चढ़ाव करना  
offering - दीर्घ  
far-seeing - दृष्टिशील  
looting by thugs - ठगों द्वारा  
linked - जुड़ा हुआ  
unworthy - अनापन  
abandon - होना  
famines - अकाल  
starvation - ज़रूरी

## Macavity: The Mystery Cat

Poetry

Q1. How and When the British East India Company was extending its power?

Ans:- With its superior weapons, the British East India company was extending its power in 18<sup>th</sup> century in India.

Q2. What did Ram Mohan Roy think about our ancient India culture?

Ans:- Ram Mohan Roy thought that ancient Indian culture is great.

Q3. What kind of education did produce one new generation of intellectuals?

Ans:- English education produced a new generation of intellectuals.

Q4. Where did Begum Hazrat Mahal rule over?

Ans:- Begum Hazrat Mahal ruled over at Lucknow.

Q5. Who was Tipu sultan? What happened to him?

Ans:- Tipu sultan was a far-seeing ruler of Mysore. He was against the British and their policies, he fought against them till he died.

Mystery - रेशमी

Hidden - ज्ञात

Defy - अवश्य करना

Bafflement - झगड़ा

Scotland yard - लंदन पुलिस

flying squad - वायर स्कूड

despair - निपाति

Gravity - गुरुत्वाकर्षण

Levitation - हवा में उड़ान

fakir - रसीद

Stare - दृष्टि - दृष्टि करना

uncombed - अचिप्पे

Basement - दर्जनी

Once again - फिरापूर्ण

fiend - बाहरी

feline - चैत्ती की तरह

monster - बुद्धि

depravity - गोपनीय

discovered - खोजा

Ginger - गिरजा

domed - छोड़ा

dusty - चट्टान

Neglect - ध्यान न देना

Q1. What is the other name of the mystery cat?

Ans:- The other name of the mystery cat is 'The Hidden paw'

Q2. Why is the Scotland yard in bafflement?

Ans:- The Scotland yard is in bafflement because Macavity defies the law.

Q3. Who reaches the crime scene and who is not found?

Ans:- The flying squad reaches the crime scene but could not find Macavity.

## My daily Routine

I wake up at 6 in the morning. I go for a walk in the park. I take some exercises there. This keeps me fit and active. I come back home after half an hour and take bath. Then, I have my breakfast. I get ready for school and reach the bus-stop. I reach school at 8 a.m. My school gets over at 3 p.m. I reach home at 3.30 p.m. I change my uniform. I wash my hands and legs. I take my lunch at 1 p.m. Then I take rest for some time. At 5 p.m. I sit to study at 7 p.m. I study till 9.30 p.m. Then, I take my dinner. After that, I spend some time with my family. I talk to them about the whole day activities. I go to bed at 10 p.m.

## Student Life

The student life is a period of training for the practical duties of mankind. It is the seed-time of one's life. An ideal student makes the best use of student life. His aim is not confined to studies and passing of university examination only. For him they are only secondary. He cultivates good manners and habits. He is industrious, honest and sympathetic. He also cultivates a keen sense of duty and responsibility. He shuns bad company.

## The Importance of Trees

A tree is a wonderful symbol of the mystery and vitality of life. It is a beautiful and useful unit of Nature. A tree brings man near his creator. Garden and forests are made of trees and by trees. They are sung of by poets, nursed by horticulturists and worshipped as the abodes of divinities by millions in India. Trees help to attract rain and conserve the soil. Trees bring into being a protective defence against desert conditions. They provide food, fuel, and timber. They render the climate more equitable.

## The Summer season

The summer season starts in the mid of April. It is the hottest season of the year. The sun's rays are very sharp. The days are long and the nights are short. We sweat a lot in summers. We feel very thirsty. We do not like going outside in summers. Children are also not able to play outside. Animals and birds spend more time in the shade. Rivers and ponds dry up. We also face water shortage in summers. We like drinking cold-drinks and fruit juices in summers. Children like to eat ice-creams too. The summer season brings many delicious fruits for us. We get mangoes, Jamun and water-melons to eat. I wait for summer season because of the vacations we get during it.

write an application to the Headmaster of your school for remission of absence of your school for your transfer certificate fine.

To,

The Headmaster,  
Gyan Kendra School, Nokha  
Through - The class-teacher

Sir,  
I humbly and respectfully beg to say that I could not attend my class from 26-04-2020 to 01-05-2020 because of my illness.

I, therefore, request you kindly to excuse the absence fine for the above days for the act of your kindness, I shall ever remain grateful to you.

Yours obediently

Dated: ---

write an application to the Headmaster of your school for your Transfer certificate

To, \_\_\_\_\_

The Headmaster,  
Gyan Kendra Nokha,

Through - The class teacher

sir,

With due respect I beg to say that my father has been transferred to Patna so, I cannot continue my studies here.

He now wants to keep me with him. I also want to live with him.

I therefore, request you kindly to issue me school transfer certificate. I shall be highly obliged to you for this.

Yours obediently  
Dated: ---

write a letter to your friend inviting him  
to attend your birthday party.

Nokha

26<sup>th</sup> Apr., 2020

Dear ---

I am quite well here and hope the same for you. I am very glad to inform you that my birthday is on 4<sup>th</sup> May of this month. This date is a special day for me. I invite you to be present with me on that day. I inform you a week earlier. You have to come to me on this occasion. If you come to me on that day, my birthday will be very enjoyable.

My Father has arranged some cultural programmes on that day. I shall be waiting for you on that day.

Please

tender my best compliments to elders and love to youngers.

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Your loving friend

Write an application to the Headmaster for character certificate.

To,

The Headmaster

Gyan Kendra School, Nokha

Sir,

With due respect I beg to say that I passed the annual secondary school examination last year from your school in the first division. I took active part in all out-door activities of the school.

Now, I need my character certificate, because I have to submit it with a form. I, therefore, request you to issue me a character certificate.

I shall be ever grateful to you for this.

Dated: -----

yours obediently

Note : -

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

30/7

ENGLISH TRANSLATION -

of BOOK की रूप हायता से अध्ययन करें।

1. Sentences.
2. TENSE.
3. VOICE
4. NARRATION.
5. VERB - model verb.
6. PUNCTUATION and USE OF  
CAPITAL LETTERS.
7. DETERMINERS
8. SIMPLE COMPOUND  
& COMPLEX SENTENCES

❶ ESSAYS - The cow; The Elephant, The Ganga.  
The postman, Football.